



Financial Statements  
June 30, 2022

City of Twentynine Palms, California  
Measure I Fund

Independent Auditor’s Report .....	1
Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet .....	4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance .....	5
Notes to Financial Statements .....	6
Required Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual .....	10
Note to Required Supplementary Information .....	11
Other Information	
Program Status: Comparison of 5-Year Plan Project Budget to Current Year Expenditures .....	12
Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards and Measure I Compliance Requirements</i> .....	13
Schedule of Findings and Responses .....	15



## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors  
San Bernardino County Transportation Authority  
San Bernardino, California

### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### ***Opinion***

We have audited the financial statements of the Measure I Fund of the City of Twentynine Palms, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Measure I Funds of the City, as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### ***Basis for Opinion***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### ***Emphasis of Matter***

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Measure I Fund, and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City as of June 30, 2022, the changes in its financial position, or, where applicable, its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management’s discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by the missing information.

***Other Information***

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the program status (other information), as listed in the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor’s report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

***Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2022, on our consideration of the City’s internal control over financial reporting of the Measure I Funds and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City’s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance, as it relates to the Measure I Funds.



Rancho Cucamonga, California  
December 20, 2022

City of Twentynine Palms, California  
Measure I Fund  
Balance Sheet  
June 30, 2022

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Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,217,083
Taxes receivable	120,223
Interest receivable	<u>2,126</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 1,339,432</u></u>
Liabilities and Fund Balance	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	<u>\$ 11,260</u>
Fund Balance	
Restricted	<u>1,328,172</u>
Total liabilities and fund balance	<u><u>\$ 1,339,432</u></u>

City of Twentynine Palms, California  
 Measure I Fund  
 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance  
 Year Ended June 30, 2022

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Revenues		
Measure I sales tax		\$ 655,067
Interest income (loss)		<u>(11,890)</u>
Total revenues		<u>643,177</u>
Expenditures		
Capital		
Construction		<u>409,442</u>
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures		<u>233,735</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Transfers to the City of Twentynine Palms		<u>(10,000)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance		223,735
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		<u>1,104,437</u>
Fund Balance, End of Year		<u><u>\$ 1,328,172</u></u>

**Note 1 - General Information**

**Reporting Entity**

The financial statements are intended to reflect the financial position and changes in financial position of the Measure I Fund 2010-2040 (Measure I Fund) of the City of Twentynine Palms, California (City) only. Accordingly, the financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

**Measure I**

Measure I is the half-cent sales tax collected throughout San Bernardino County for transportation improvements. In 2004, San Bernardino County voters approved the extension of the Measure I sales tax through 2040. See Note 4 for a detailed description of the Measure.

**Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The accounting policies of the Measure I Fund of the City conform to accounting policies generally accepted in the United States of America. The following is a summary of significant accounting policies:

**A. Basis of Accounting**

**Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

*Fund Accounting*

The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity wherein operations of each fund are accounted for in a separate set of self-balancing accounts that record resources, related benefits, and equity, segregated for the purpose of carrying out specific activities. The City accounts for the Measure I activities within its Measure I Special Revenue Fund.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes.



### *Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting*

The special revenue funds of the City are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, revenues are available if they are collected within 60 days, and within 6 months for grant, of the end of the fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred. Operating statements of governmental funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current resources.

#### **B. Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **C. Fund Balances**

Fund balance is reported according to the following classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how specific amounts can be spent.

Restricted fund balance represents amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first.

#### **D. Cash and Investments**

Cash and investments are pooled by the City to facilitate cash management and maximize investment opportunities and yields. Investment income resulting from this pooling is allocated to the respective funds including the Measure I Fund based upon the average cash balance. The investment policies and the risks related to cash and investments, applicable to the Measure I Fund, are those of the City and are disclosed in the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements can be obtained at City Hall.

The Measure I Fund's cash and investments are reported at fair value. The fair value measurements are based on the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Measure I Fund's deposits and withdrawals in the City Investment Pool are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the Measure I Fund's investment in the City Investment Pool is measured based on uncategorized inputs not defined as Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3.

#### **E. Maintenance of Effort**

In accordance with California Public Utilities Code 190300 and Ordinance No. 04-01 of the San Bernardino County Transportation Authority (SBCTA), Local Street Program funds shall not be used to supplant existing local discretionary funds being used for street and highway purposes. The maintenance of effort (MOE) base year level was determined based upon the discretionary General Fund expenditures for transportation-related construction and maintenance activities in fiscal year 2008/2009. The MOE base year level as approved by the SBCTA Board of Directors shall remain in effect until the expiration of Measure I 2010-2040. General Fund expenditures in excess of the MOE base year level will carry over to subsequent fiscal years and can be applied in a future year to offset the amount the local agency may need to meet the MOE requirement. The City's determined MOE base level is \$0.

#### **Note 3 - Taxes Receivable**

Taxes receivable represents the Measure I sales tax revenues for the fiscal year received from SBCTA after June 30, 2022.

#### **Note 4 - Measure I Fund**

The California State Legislature authorized county transportation authorities to enact local option sales tax measures for transportation improvements in the late 1980s, under provisions of Division 19 (commencing with Section 180000) of the Public Utilities Code. In November 1989, San Bernardino County voters approved passage of Measure I, authorizing SBCTA to impose a half-cent retail transactions and use tax applicable in the incorporated and unincorporated areas of the County of San Bernardino for the 20-year period between April 1, 1990 and March 31, 2010. SBCTA is authorized to administer the programs described in the Measure.

Early in the second decade of Measure I, it became apparent that continuation of the half cent sales tax would be critical to maintaining funding for transportation in San Bernardino County. SBCTA member jurisdictions and transportation stakeholders worked to identify transportation needs, and an expenditure plan was developed to serve as a basis for the renewal of Measure I. Ordinance No. 04-01 was placed before voters in November 2004, and Measure I was renewed. The new Measure I extends the half cent sales tax for 30 years, from April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2040. The new Measure is referred to as Measure I 2010-2040 to distinguish it from the first Measure I.

Revenue from the tax can only be used for transportation improvement and traffic management programs authorized in the Expenditure Plan.

Measure I 2010-2040 has a return-to-source provision that states that funds shall be allocated to subareas in accordance with the actual revenue collected in each subarea. After deduction of required Board of Equalization fees and authorized administrative costs, revenues generated in each subarea are to be expended on projects of direct benefit to that subarea. Revenues are accounted for separately for each subarea and then allocated to specified project categories in each subarea. These project categories are termed “programs” in the Strategic Plan. Decisions on how revenues are expended within the subareas are made by the SBCTA Board of Directors based upon recommendations of local subarea representatives. Other than the projects identified in the Cajon Pass Expenditure Plan, revenues generated within a subarea can be expended outside of that subarea only upon approval of two-thirds (2/3) of the jurisdictions within the affected subarea. A proportional share of projected state and federal transportation funds is to be reserved for use solely within the Valley subarea and individual Mountain/Desert (Colorado River, Morongo Basin, Mountains, North Desert and Victor Valley) subareas. In the San Bernardino Valley subarea, Measure I 2010-2040 contains the following programs:

- Freeway Program
- Freeway Interchange Program
- Major Street Program
- Local Street Program
- Metrolink/Rail Program
- Express Bus/Bus Rapid Transit Program
- Senior and Disabled Transit Program
- Traffic Management Systems Program

In each of the Mountain/Desert subareas, Measure I 2010-2040 contains the following programs:

- Local Street Program
- Major Local Highway Program
- Senior and Disabled Transit Program

#### **Note 5 - Transfers to the City of Twentynine Palms**

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Fund transferred \$10,000 to the City of Twentynine Palms for administrative expenses associated with the Fund, including payroll, invoicing, staff reports, and 5-year plan reporting.



Required Supplementary Information  
June 30, 2022

City of Twentynine Palms, California  
Measure I Fund

City of Twentynine Palms, California

Measure I Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual  
Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget		Actual	Variance From
	Original	Final		Final Budget Positive (Negative )
Revenues				
Measure I sales tax	\$ 555,959	\$ 555,959	\$ 655,067	\$ 99,108
Interest income (loss)	-	-	(11,890)	(11,890)
Total revenues	<u>555,959</u>	<u>555,959</u>	<u>643,177</u>	<u>87,218</u>
Expenditures				
Capital				
Construction	<u>1,532,969</u>	<u>1,532,969</u>	<u>409,442</u>	<u>1,123,527</u>
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	<u>(977,010)</u>	<u>(977,010)</u>	<u>233,735</u>	<u>1,210,745</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers to the City of Twentynine Palms	<u>(10,000)</u>	<u>(10,000)</u>	<u>(10,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(987,010)	(987,010)	223,735	1,210,745
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	<u>1,104,437</u>	<u>1,104,437</u>	<u>1,104,437</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>\$ 117,427</u>	<u>\$ 117,427</u>	<u>\$ 1,328,172</u>	<u>\$ 1,210,745</u>

**Note 1 - Budgetary Data**

The City adopts an annual budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The legal level of budgetary control for the City is the Fund.



Other Information  
June 30, 2022

City of Twentynine Palms, California  
Measure I Fund

City of Twentynine Palms, California

Measure I Fund

Program Status: Comparison of 5-Year Plan Project Budget to Current Year Expenditures  
Year Ended June 30, 2022

The Measure I Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan for local streets was adopted by Council Resolution No. 22-19. Of the funds allocated under the Measure I Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan, the following programs were affected during the current fiscal year:

Projects	5-Year Plan Project Estimate	Current Fiscal Year Expenditures	Under/(Over) Estimate
<b>Named Projects:</b>			
Project Phoenix Roads: Tamarisk, Yucca, Smoke Tree and Cholla	\$ 472,000	\$ 225,195	\$ 246,805
Pavement Improvements/ Pavement Preservation - Raymond Way	110,000	109,802	198
<b>Categorical Projects:</b>			
Administrative Costs	10,000	10,000	-
Pavement Improvements/ Pavement Preservation	95,000	<u>74,445</u>	20,555
Total named project expenditures as of June 30, 2022		334,997	
Total categorical expenditures as of June 30, 2022		<u>84,445</u>	
Total expenditures as of June 30, 2022		<u>\$ 419,442</u>	





**Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards and Measure I Compliance Requirements**

To the Board of Directors  
San Bernardino County Transportation Authority  
San Bernardino, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Measure I Fund (Measure I Fund) of the City of Twentynine Palms, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Measure I Fund’s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2022. Our report included an emphasis of matter stating that the financial statements of the Measure I Fund do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City as of June 30, 2022.

**Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City’s internal control over financial reporting of the Measure I Fund (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City’s internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2022-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

## Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Measure I Fund of the City are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including requirements of Measure I as specified in the agreement between the City and San Bernardino County Transportation Authority (SBCTA), noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*, including the requirements of the Measure I as specified in the agreement between the City and SBCTA.

## City's Response to Findings

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Responses. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

The image shows a handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Rancho Cucamonga, California  
December 20, 2022

**2022-001 Fair Market Value Adjustment  
Significant Deficiency**

**Criteria:**

Investments are required to be reported at fair market value in accordance with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

**Condition:**

The LAIF investment balance, which is tracked based on amortized cost, was not reported at fair value. As of June 30, 2022, the LAIF allocation was 0.987125414, resulting in a loss as of year-end. As a result, we proposed an adjustment of \$16,512 to reduce the value of the LAIF investment and related interest income (loss).

**Cause:**

The City considered fair value of LAIF immaterial City-wide, and initially didn't record or allocated an adjustment to the Measure I Fund at fiscal year-end.

**Effect:**

Measure I Fund cash and investments was overstated by \$16,512.

**Recommendation:**

We recommend the City incorporate procedures to consider and post a fair market value adjustment for LAIF to the cash and investment balances held in the Measure I Fund.

**Views of Responsible Officials:**

The City considered FMV adjustments at both the City-wide and Fund Level and does not typically post FMV adjustments if the adjustment is not considered significant, based on management's judgment. The \$16,512 adjustment is only 1.4% of the fund's cash and investment balance of \$1,217,083, which management does not consider to be significant; however, management has agreed to record the proposed LAIF adjustment for FY21/22.