

**CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA
MEASURE I FUNDS**

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2025

CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA
MEASURE I FUNDS
San Bernardino, California

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2025

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
San Bernardino County Transportation Authority
San Bernardino, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements***Opinions***

We have audited the financial statements of the Measure I 1990-2010 and Measure I 2010-2040 Funds (Measure I Funds) of the City of Rancho Cucamonga, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Measure I Funds of the City, as of June 30, 2025, and the changes in their financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements present only the Measure I Funds, governmental funds, and do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City as of June 30, 2025, the changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

(Continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

(Continued)

Additional Information

Management is responsible for the accompanying Program Status: Comparison of 5-Year Plan Project Budget to Current Year Expenditures and the Maintenance of Effort: Comparison of Base Level Amount to Annual Expenditures (the “additional information”), which is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the additional information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 25, 2026, on our consideration of the City’s internal control over financial reporting of the Measure I Funds and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City’s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance, as it relates to the Measure I Funds.



Crowe LLP

Los Angeles, California
March 25, 2026

CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA
 MEASURE I FUNDS
 BALANCE SHEETS
 June 30, 2025

	Measure I 1990-2010	Measure I 2010-2040
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$ 7,356	\$ 11,945,826
Taxes receivable	-	1,168,129
Interest receivable	36	61,396
Total assets	\$ 7,392	\$ 13,175,351
LIABILITIES		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 633,336
Retention payables	3,278	20,283
Accrued payroll	-	478
Total liabilities	3,278	654,097
FUND BALANCES		
Restricted for transportation	4,114	12,521,254
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 7,392	\$ 13,175,351

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA
 MEASURE I FUND
 STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 Year ended June 30, 2025

	Measure I 1990-2010	Measure I 2010-2040
Revenues		
Measure I sales tax	\$ -	\$ 4,548,792
Interest income	2,156	652,854
Total revenues	2,156	5,201,646
Expenditures		
Current		
General government	1,200	380,342
Capital		
Construction	65,560	3,311,490
Total expenditures	66,760	3,691,832
Net change in fund balance	(64,604)	1,509,814
Fund balance, beginning of year	68,718	11,011,440
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 4,114	\$ 12,521,254

See notes to financial statements.

CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA
MEASURE I FUNDS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – GENERAL INFORMATION

Reporting Entity: The financial statements are intended to reflect the financial position and changes in financial position of the Measure I 1990-2010 and the Measure I 2010-2040 Funds (Measure I Funds) of the City of Rancho Cucamonga, California (City) only. Accordingly, the financial statements do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the City as of June 30, 2025, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Measure I: Measure I is the half-cent sales tax collected throughout San Bernardino County for transportation improvements. In 2004, San Bernardino County voters approved the extension of the Measure I sales tax through 2040. See Note 4 for a detailed description of the Measure.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Fund Accounting: The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is defined as an independent fiscal and accounting entity wherein operations of each fund are accounted for in a separate set of self-balancing accounts that record resources, related benefits, and equity, segregated for the purpose of carrying out specific activities. The City accounts for the Measure I activities within its Measure I 1990-2010 and Measure I 2010-2040 Special Revenue Funds.

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting: The special revenue funds of the City are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, revenues are available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal period, except for sales tax and grant revenue where the government considers revenue to be available if closed within 180 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred. Operating statements of governmental funds present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current resources.

Use of Estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fund Balance: Fund balance is reported according to the following classifications: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how specific amounts can be spent.

(Continued)

CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA
MEASURE I FUNDS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2025

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restricted fund balance represents amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first.

Cash and Investments: Cash and investments are pooled by the City to facilitate cash management and maximize investment opportunities and yields. Investment income resulting from this pooling is allocated to the respective funds including the Measure I Funds based upon the average cash balance. The investment policies and the risks related to cash and investments, applicable to the Measure I Funds, are those of the City and are disclosed in the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements can be obtained at City Hall.

The Measure I Funds' cash and investments are reported at fair value. The fair value measurements are based on the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Measure I Funds' deposits and withdrawals in the City Investment Pool are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the Measure I Funds' investment in the City Investment Pool is measured based on uncategorized inputs not defined as Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3.

Maintenance of Effort: In accordance with California Public Utilities Code 190300 and Ordinance No. 04-01 of the San Bernardino County Transportation Authority (SBCTA), Local Street Program funds shall not be used to supplant existing local discretionary funds being used for street and highway purposes. The maintenance of effort (MOE) base year level was determined based upon the discretionary General Fund expenditures for transportation-related construction and maintenance activities in Fiscal Year 2008/2009. The MOE base year level as approved by the SBCTA Board of Directors shall remain in effect until the expiration of Measure I 2010-2040. General Fund expenditures in excess of the MOE base year level will carry over to subsequent fiscal years and can be applied in a future year to offset the amount the local agency may need to meet the MOE requirement. The City's determined MOE base level was \$1,107,006 for Fiscal Years 2009/2010 through 2013/2014. Beginning with Fiscal Year 2014/2015, the City's MOE base level was increased to \$2,225,757.

NOTE 3 – TAXES RECEIVABLE

Taxes receivable represents the Measure I sales tax revenues for the fiscal year received from SBCTA after June 30, 2025.

(Continued)

CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA
MEASURE I FUNDS
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2025

NOTE 4 – MEASURE I FUNDS

The California State Legislature authorized county transportation authorities to enact local option sales tax measures for transportation improvements in the late 1980s, under provisions of Division 19 (commencing with Section 180000) of the Public Utilities Code. In November 1989, San Bernardino County voters approved passage of Measure I, authorizing SBCTA to impose a half-cent retail transactions and use tax applicable in the incorporated and unincorporated areas of the County of San Bernardino for the 20-year period between April 1, 1990 and March 31, 2010. SBCTA is authorized to administer the programs described in the Measure.

Early in the second decade of Measure I, it became apparent that continuation of the half cent sales tax would be critical to maintaining funding for transportation in San Bernardino County. SBCTA member jurisdictions and transportation stakeholders worked to identify transportation needs, and an expenditure plan was developed to serve as a basis for the renewal of Measure I. Ordinance No. 04-01 was placed before voters in November 2004, and Measure I was renewed. The new Measure I extends the half cent sales tax for 30 years, from April 1, 2010 through March 31, 2040. The new Measure is referred to as Measure I 2010-2040 to distinguish it from the first Measure I.

Revenue from the tax can only be used for transportation improvement and traffic management programs authorized in the Expenditure Plan.

Measure I 2010-2040 has a return-to-source provision that states that funds shall be allocated to subareas in accordance with the actual revenue collected in each subarea. After deduction of required Board of Equalization fees and authorized administrative costs, revenues generated in each subarea are to be expended on projects of direct benefit to that subarea. Revenues are accounted for separately for each subarea and then allocated to specified project categories in each subarea. These project categories are termed “programs” in the Strategic Plan. Decisions on how revenues are expended within the subareas are made by the SBCTA Board of Directors based upon recommendations of local subarea representatives. Other than the projects identified in the Cajon Pass Expenditure Plan, revenues generated within a subarea can be expended outside of that subarea only upon approval of two-thirds (2/3) of the jurisdictions within the affected subarea. A proportional share of projected state and federal transportation funds is to be reserved for use solely within the San Bernardino Valley subarea and individual Mountain/Desert (Colorado River, Morongo Basin, Mountains, North Desert and Victor Valley) subareas. In the San Bernardino Valley subarea, Measure I 2010-2040 contains the following programs:

- Freeway Program
- Freeway Interchange Program
- Major Street Program
- Local Street Program
- Metrolink/Rail Program
- Express Bus/Bus Rapid Transit Program
- Senior and Disabled Transit Program
- Traffic Management Systems Program

In each of the Mountain/Desert subareas, Measure I 2010-2040 contains the following programs:

- Local Street Program
 - Major Local Highway Program
 - Senior and Disabled Transit Program
-

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA
 MEASURE I FUNDS
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
 IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL
 MEASURE I 1990-2010 FUND
 Year ended June 30, 2025

	Budget		Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues				
Interest income	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,156	\$ 2,156
Total revenues	-	-	2,156	2,156
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	1,200	1,200	1,200	-
Capital				
Construction	-	65,560	65,560	-
Total expenditures	1,200	66,760	66,760	-
Net change in fund balance	(1,200)	(66,760)	(64,604)	2,156
Fund balance, beginning of year	68,718	68,718	68,718	-
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 67,518</u>	<u>\$ 1,958</u>	<u>\$ 4,114</u>	<u>\$ 2,156</u>

See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA
 MEASURE I FUNDS
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES
 IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL
 MEASURE I 2010-2040 FUND
 Year ended June 30, 2025

	Budget		Actual	Variance From Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues				
Measure I sales tax	\$ 4,698,330	\$ 4,807,330	\$ 4,548,792	\$ (258,538)
Interest income	-	-	652,854	652,854
Total revenues	<u>4,698,330</u>	<u>4,807,330</u>	5,201,646	394,316
Expenditures				
Current				
General government	<u>572,100</u>	<u>572,100</u>	<u>380,342</u>	<u>191,758</u>
Capital				
Construction	<u>6,180,000</u>	<u>6,913,817</u>	<u>3,311,490</u>	<u>3,602,327</u>
Total expenditures	<u>6,752,100</u>	<u>7,485,917</u>	3,691,832	3,794,085
Net change in fund balance	(2,053,770)	(2,678,587)	1,509,814	4,188,401
Fund balance, beginning of year	<u>11,011,440</u>	<u>11,011,440</u>	<u>11,011,440</u>	-
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 8,957,670</u>	<u>\$ 8,332,853</u>	<u>\$ 12,521,254</u>	<u>\$ 4,188,401</u>

See Note to Required Supplementary Information.

CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA
MEASURE I FUNDS
NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
June 30, 2025

NOTE 1 – BUDGETARY DATA

The City adopts an annual budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The legal level of budgetary control is at the fund level.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA
 MEASURE I FUNDS
 PROGRAM STATUS: COMPARISON OF 5-YEAR PLAN PROJECT BUDGET
 TO CURRENT YEAR EXPENDITURES
 Year ended June 30, 2025

The Measure I Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan for local streets was adopted by Council Resolution No. 2025-043. Of the funds allocated under the Measure I Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan, the following programs were affected during the current fiscal year:

	5-Year Plan Project <u>Estimate</u>	Current Fiscal Year <u>Expenditures</u>	Under/(Over) <u>Estimate</u>
Local projects			
Local Street Rehab - Citywide	\$ 12,000,000	\$ 472,591	\$ 11,527,409
Day Creek Channel Bike Trail	146,000	66,760	79,240
6th Street Rehabilitation - Haven to Cleveland	1,220,000	983,902	236,098
Concrete Contract Services - Maintenance City Wide	500,000	98,481	401,519
Signal Contract Services - Maintenance City Wide	5,023,000	1,662,579	3,360,421
Striping Contract Services - Maintenance City Wide	750,000	474,279	275,721
		3,758,592	
Total expenditures reported in Measure I 1990 - 2010 Fund		\$ 66,760	
Total expenditures reported in Measure I 2010 - 2040 Fund		3,691,832	
Total expenditures as of June 30, 2025		\$ 3,758,592	

CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA
 MEASURE I FUNDS
 MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT: COMPARISON OF BASE LEVEL AMOUNT TO
 ANNUAL EXPENDITURES
 Year ended June 30, 2025

The maintenance of effort base level amount was determined based upon fiscal year 2008/09 and 2013/14 spending levels. Excess/(deficient) amounts are carried forward in accordance with the Measure I Strategic Plan. Actual amounts expended in relation to the base level amount in each year subsequent to the base year are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	General Fund Street and Highway Fund Utilized	Base Level Amount	Excess/ (Deficiency)	Cumulative Excess/ (Deficiency)
2010	\$ 1,042,227	\$ (1,107,006)	\$ (64,779)	\$ (64,779)
2011	1,068,595	(1,107,006)	(38,411)	(103,190)
2012	1,009,692	(1,107,006)	(97,314)	(200,504)
2013	1,007,144	(1,107,006)	(99,862)	(300,366)
2014	1,318,173	(1,107,006)	211,167	(89,199)
2015	2,244,083	(2,225,757)	18,326	(70,873)
2016	3,463,750	(2,225,757)	1,237,993	1,167,120
2017	2,662,311	(2,225,757)	436,554	1,603,674
2018	2,431,763	(2,225,757)	206,006	1,809,680
2019	2,448,659	(2,225,757)	222,902	2,032,582
2020	2,472,070	(2,225,757)	246,313	2,278,895
2021	2,690,852	(2,225,757)	465,095	2,743,990
2022	1,989,620	(2,225,757)	(236,137)	2,507,853
2023	2,882,419	(2,225,757)	656,662	3,164,515
2024	3,216,975	(2,225,757)	991,218	4,155,733

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND
ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors
San Bernardino County Transportation Authority
San Bernardino, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Measure I 1990-2010 and Measure I 2010-2040 Funds (Measure I Funds) of the City of Rancho Cucamonga, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025 and the related notes to financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 25, 2026.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting of the Measure I Funds (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2025-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

(Continued)

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Measure I Funds of the City are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the City's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The City's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.


Crowe LLP

Los Angeles, California
March 25, 2026

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH MEASURE I COMPLIANCE
REQUIREMENTS AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

To the Board of Directors
San Bernardino County Transportation Authority
San Bernardino, California

Report on Compliance with the Measure I Ordinance

We have audited City of Rancho Cucamonga's ("City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in Measure I Ordinance (the "Ordinance"), that could have a direct and material effect on the City's compliance with the Ordinance for the year ended June 30, 2025.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its Ordinance for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion on the Ordinance

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the Ordinance. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the Ordinance.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Ordinance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of the Ordinance.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Ordinance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Ordinance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the Ordinance on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of the Ordinance will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of the Ordinance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

(Continued)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Ordinance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Crowe LLP".

Crowe LLP

Los Angeles, California
March 25, 2026

CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA
MEASURE I FUNDS
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES
Year ended June 30, 2025

2025-001 – Payroll Internal Control (Significant Deficiency)

Criteria: Internal controls for payroll expenses charged to Measure I funding should ensure that the City records only compensation directly related to Measure I projects and permitted under the Measure I ordinance.

Condition: During our walkthrough of internal controls over payroll processes, we identified a lack of documented review regarding payroll processing, particularly for payroll charges recorded under Measure I 2010-2040 funding.

Cause: Management implemented a new payroll processing system on July 1, 2024. As a result, some payroll internal controls were not performed with the new system.

Context: As part of the City's system conversion, the form and availability of payroll allocation documentation evolved, and the City was unable to retroactively recreate more granular time approval for the period under audit. It should be noted that we were able to obtain sufficient documentation to substantiate that personnel performed work on the Measure I projects.

Effect: Internal controls over the review of payroll charged to Measure I fund were not properly designed and implemented.

Recommendation: We recommend an independent reviewer with sufficient knowledge to oversee and document their review prior to processing the payroll. In addition, we recommend that the City begin using timecards to track direct costs as only compensation specifically identified to Measure I project work is allowed to be charged. For supervisory roles beyond the initial level, there must be evidence confirming that any charges were allocated fairly and appropriately.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective action: Management agrees with the auditor's observation regarding the lack of documented review over payroll allocations charged to Measure I funding.

The condition resulted from the implementation of a new payroll system effective July 1, 2024. During this transition period, certain internal control procedures-specifically the formal documentation of supervisory review over payroll allocations- were not consistently performed or retained. This issue was limited to documentation of the control rather than the underlying allocation of costs.

Consistent with the City's historical practice prior to the ERP conversion, management evaluated employees' assigned responsibilities, recurring duties, and involvement in Measure I-funded capital and transportation-related projects and applied allocation percentages that reasonably reflected the anticipated level of effort benefiting the Measure I program. The estimated percentages were informed by qualitative factors, including the relative volume and complexity of Measure I-funded projects active during the period, employees' roles in project coordination and oversight, and the proportion of departmental responsibilities associated with transportation and capital improvement activities compared to other functions.

Management notes that sufficient supporting documentation was available to substantiate that payroll costs charged to Measure I were associated with work performed on eligible projects, and no questioned or disallowed costs were identified. Accordingly, management believes the issue relates to the formalization and documentation of internal controls rather than the allowability of costs charged.

(Continued)

CITY OF RANCHO CUCAMONGA, CALIFORNIA
MEASURE I FUNDS
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Views of responsible officials and planned corrective action (Continued)

To address the identified control deficiency, management has implemented and/or will implement the following corrective actions:

- Establish a formal review process requiring an independent reviewer to approve and document payroll allocations to Measure I prior to processing.
- Implement enhanced documentation standards to ensure consistent retention of payroll allocation support and supervisory approvals.
- Begin implementing time tracking procedures to more accurately allocate labor costs to Measure I projects.
- Provide additional staff training on Measure I compliance and internal control requirements.

These actions strengthen the design and documentation of internal controls and will ensure continued compliance with applicable Measure I requirements.